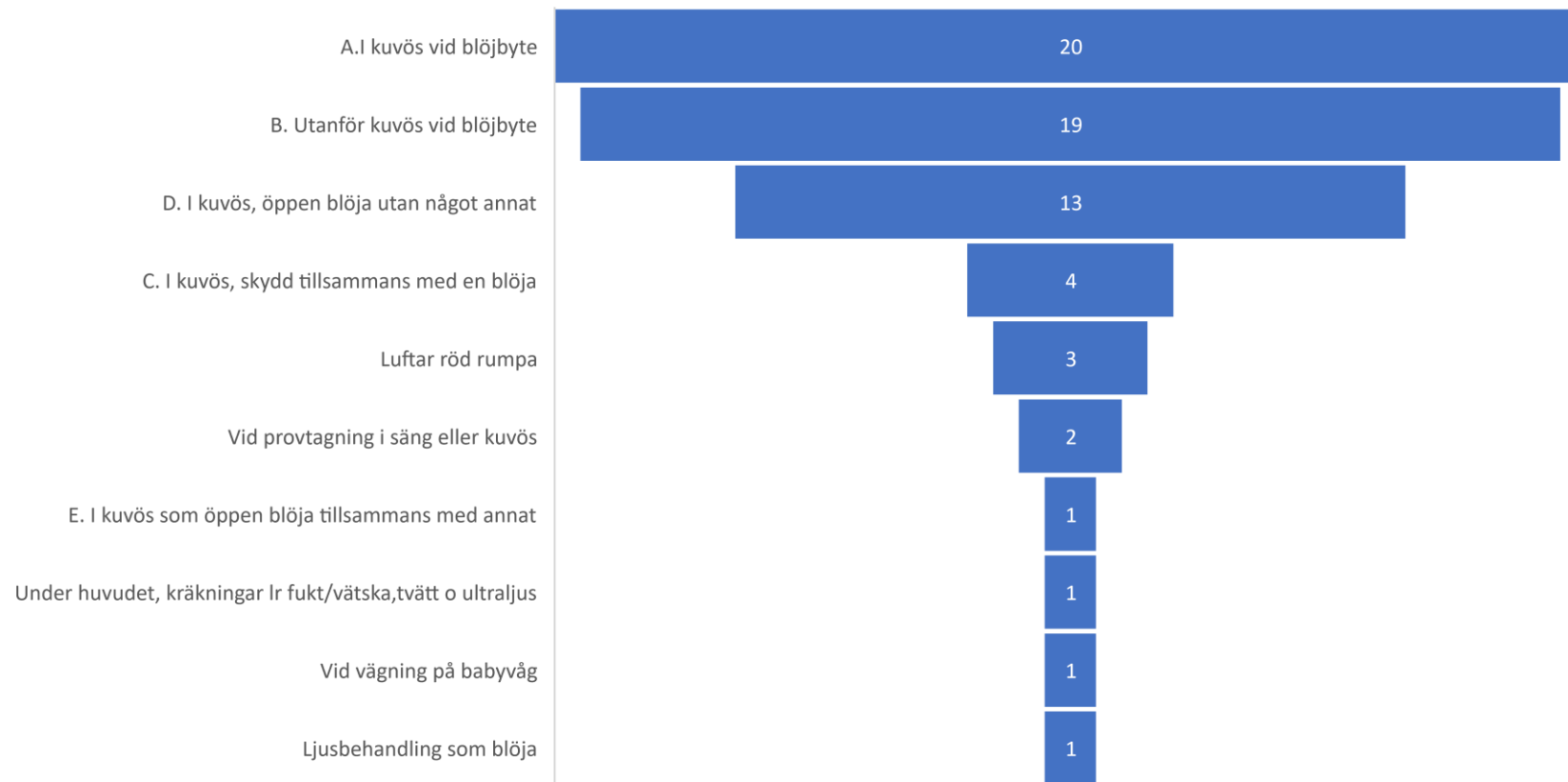


# 1. How are absorbent pads used by you? [several answers possible]

Most common is :

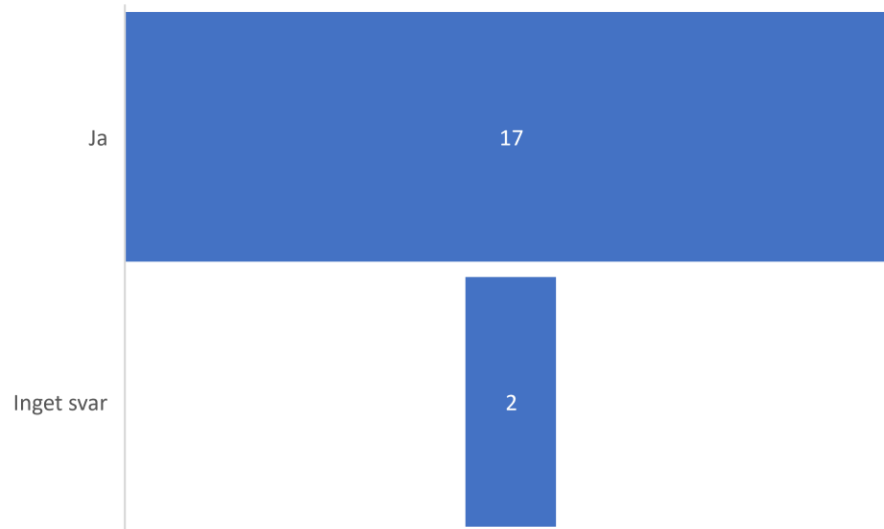
1. in incubators when changing diapers (20)
2. outside incubator when changing diapers (19)
3. in incubator as an open/flat diaper without anything else (13).



### 3. Is it important for you that the absorbent pad binds urine (like diapers do) to keep a dry surface?

Ja = yes

Inget svar = no answer

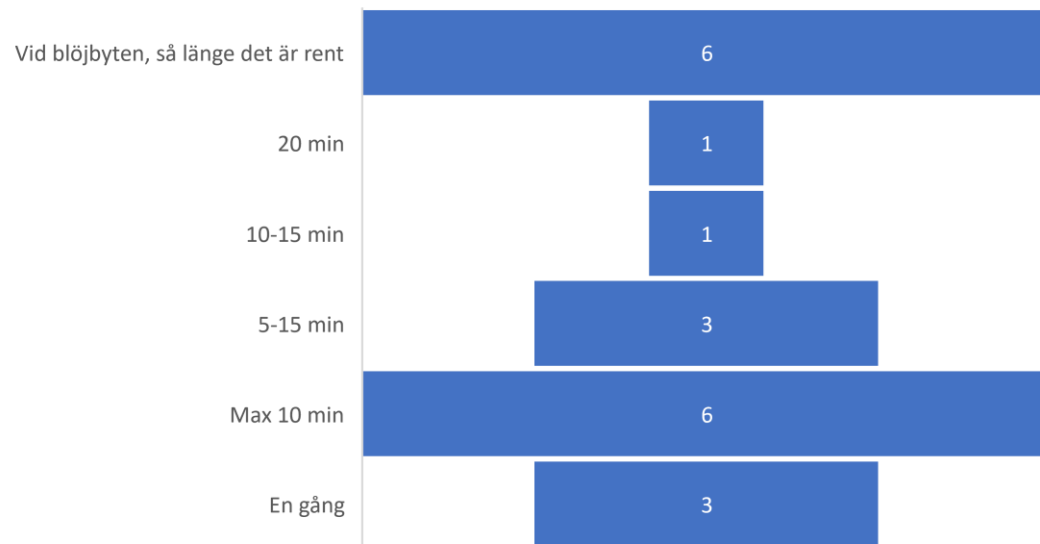


Extra kommentarer = extra comments, free text

- Yes because they are used as open diapers sometimes on sensitive children
- Yes. Otherwise the child will be cold.
- Yes, if the children is air (=without diaper) air and lie on them for long periods of time, we do not want them to get wet or cold.
- Yes, so that it catches urine
- Yes, because many children urinate when changing nappies ... so that it catches urine
- Yes, which this does not do so well if it is the thin blue (not DryMax).
- Yes, very important!
- Yes. If the baby is without a diaper, it is good if it is absorbed because urine tends to end up in skin folds and under the baby. If the child lies in this for too long, there is a risk of skin damage. Especially for premature babies with extra fragile skin. There is also equipment that we monitor the child with that does not tolerate moisture or tapes that can come loose.

4. If absorbent pads are used as mattress protectors when changing nappies in or outside the incubator, approximately how long is a pad used before you change / throw it away?

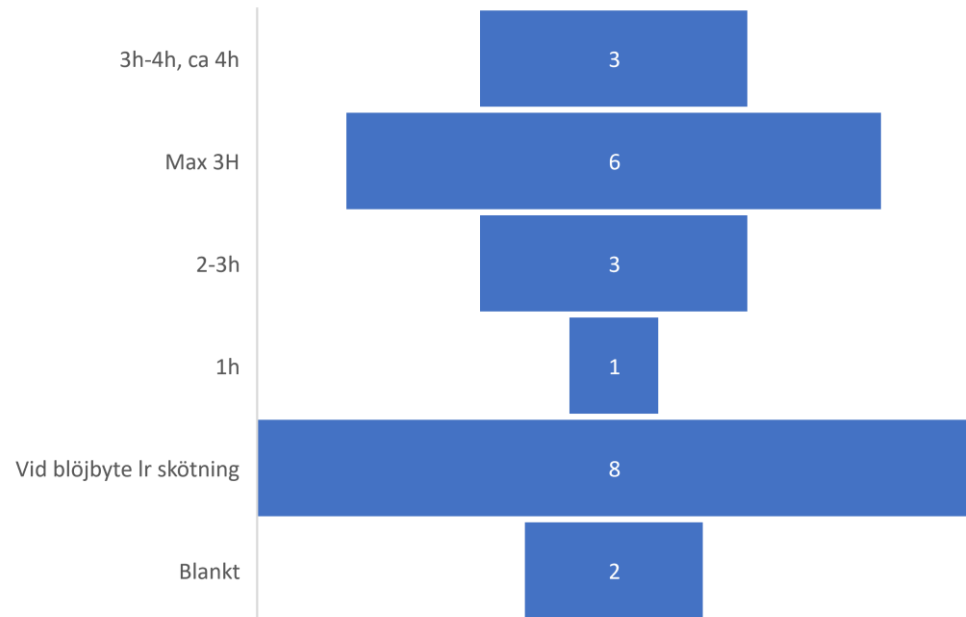
When changing diaper, as long as it is clean (6)



#### Extra kommentarer

- To a diaper change if contaminated otherwise until it becomes dirty
- As long as it is clean and fresh.
- It all depends on whether it is the staff or the new parent who makes the change! ;) 5-15 minutes.
- If poop or urine comes on: every time. Otherwise 2-3 diaper changes if it is clean and dry. However, cut the larger protections into smaller pieces for the babies.
- Only at the diaper change itself, sometimes if the baby needs to air for a long time.
- Used as long as it is clean
- Usually after each diaper change
- If the child urinates or has a little stool on it, it is thrown away immediately after. If it looks completely clean, it will be used next time as well.

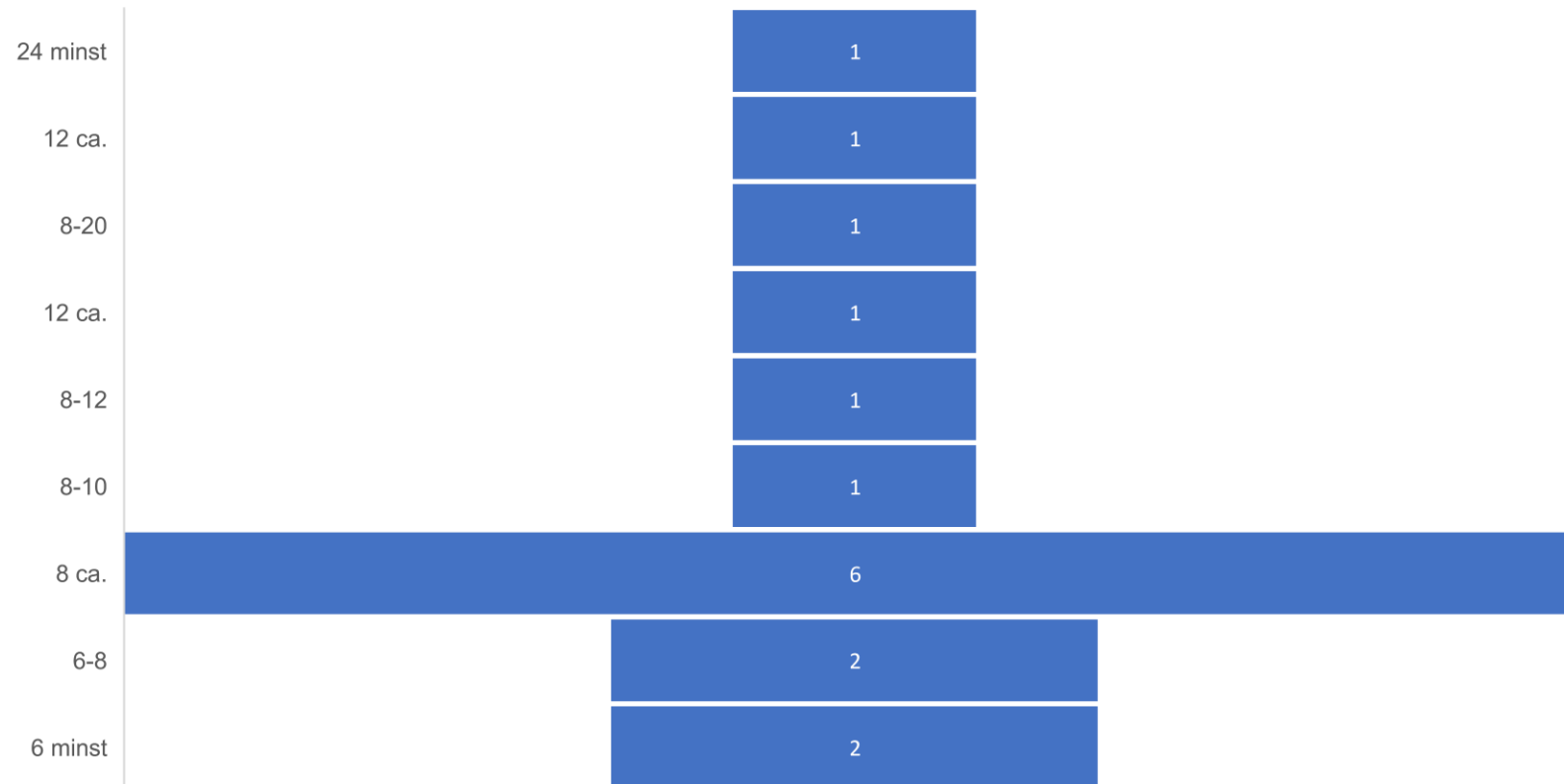
5. If absorbent pads are used in an incubator to bind urine (open diaper), approximately how long is a pad used before changing / disposing of it?



- Some answers contained hours plus "when changing diaper".

6. If absorbent pads are used in an incubator to bind urine (open diaper), how many times is it changed in one day?

Minst = At least



## 7. Which underlay do you use? Please describe the underlay you use today. Does it fulfill your wishes? Do you have any negative experiences?

- The underlay is about 30 x 30 cm, blue plastic-covered back and white absorbent material. It is a bit large in relation to the patients (for those who are cared for in an incubator), but can also be experienced as a bit thick and stiff (again for the smallest patients).
- Do not know which brand but is blue on the underside and white on the other side, available in two sizes so you can adapt to the size of the child.
- Uses an absorbent pad that meets all requirements. Absorbs a lot of liquid and keeps the surface dry and that it is not too big.
- Blue thick when they lie as diaper pads. Thin type as bibs when changing diapers.
- A white with blue plastic, about 30 x 30 cm. Works well, has good absorbency. Sometimes we divide them in the middle or in four parts for the youngest children.
- Slightly light blue. Negative: too big, feels a little hard.
- Attends Cover-Dri plus. Nothing negative I can think of.
- We have had two different ones. Do not know brand. Now we have a larger one that we fold up and cut apart to become smaller. We used to have a little more expensive in perfect size and good absorption but they were too expensive so you changed buyers.
- Do not know the brand, blue underside it is
- We have one for incubator that is about 30x30 cm. Could be a little smaller. Another for changing tables that we cut in smaller sizes. The reason we have two different ones is the price. The incubators are very expensive.
- Blue back and white front, about 40x50 cm. Experiences it a little big for small children, otherwise good
- Thin blue. Too little suction power.
- They are light blue, quite thin and work well.
- We have a thin cheap paper pad that very poorly binds urine that is used for most things. We can not use the paper pads for a long time as the urine flows everywhere if the child should urinate when weighing, for example. Absorbent pads are used when the child is to lie on the pad for a long time, such as between diaper changes or during light treatment. Can also be used for blood sampling.
- We often cut out smaller parts of a blue rather stiff underlay, with plastic on the underside. To avoid sharp edges, we tape them. Because the underlay is stiff, it can be difficult to shape the nest if you cut it too big. Avoid the softer pad because it sticks to the skin more easily.

8. Write freely about how the perfect underlay looks and works. What is a reasonable cost, appropriate number of products per box ... everything you can think of!

