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Pulse Oximete

User Manual

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Hexin Zondan Medical Equipment Co., Ltd

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Dear users, thank you very much for purchasing the Pulse Oximeter.

This Manual is written and compiled in accordance with the council directive MDD93/42/EEC for medical devices and harmonized standards. In case of modifications and software upgrades, the information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

The Manual describes, in accordance with the Pulse Oximeter's features and requirements, main structure, functions, specifications, correct methods for transportation, installation, usage, operation, repair, maintenance and storage, etc. as well as the safety procedures to protect both the user and equipment. Refer to the respective chapters for details.

Please read the User Manual carefully before using this product. The User Manual which describes the operating procedures should be followed strictly. Failure to follow the User Manual may cause measuring abnormality, equipment damage and human injury. The manufacturer is NOT responsible for the safety, reliability and performance issues and any monitoring abnormality, human injury and equipment damage due to users' negligence of the operation instructions. The manufacturer's warranty service does not cover such faults.

Owing to the forthcoming renovation, the specific products you received may not be totally in accordance with the description of this User Manual. We would sincerely regret for that. This product is medical device, which can be used repeatedly.

- Uncomfortable or painful feeling may appear if using the device ceaselessly, especially for the microcirculation barrier patients. It is recommended that the sensor should not be applied to the same finger for over 2 hours.
- For the special patients, there should be a more prudent inspecting in the placing process. The device can not be clipped on the edema and tender tissue.
- The light (the infrared is invisible) emitted from the device is harmful to the eyes, so the user and the
- maintenance man should not stare at the light. Testee can not use enamel or other makeup.
- Testee's fingernail can not be too long.
- Please refer to the correlative literature about the clinical restrictions and caution.
- This device is not intended for treatment.

Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician

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- 1.1 Instructions for Safe Operations

 Check the main unit and all accessories periodically to make sure that there is no visible damage that may affect patient's safety and monitoring performance about cables and transducers. It is recommended that the device should be inspected once a week at least. When there is obvious damage, stop using the monitor. Necessary maintenance must be performed by qualified service engineers ONLY. Users are not permitted to
- maintain it by themselves.
- The oximeter cannot be used together with devices not specified in User's Manual.Only the accessory that appointed or recommendatory by manufacture can be used with this device.

 This product is calibrated before leaving factory.

1.2 Warnings

- Explosive hazard—DO NOT use the oximeter in environment with inflammable gas such as some ignitable anesthetic agents.
- DO NOT use the oximeter while the testee measured by MRI and CT.
- The person who is allergic to rubber can not use this device.
- The disposal of scrap instrument and its accessories and packings(including battery, plastic bags, foams and paper boxes) should follow the local laws and regulations.

 Please check the packing before use to make sure the device and accessories are totally in accordance with
- the packing list, or else the device may have the possibility of working abnormally. Please don't measure this device with function test paper for the device's related information

- Keep the oximeter away from dust, vibration, corrosive substances, explosive materials, high temperature and moisture.
- If the oximeter gets wet, please stop operating it.
- When it is carried from cold environment to warm or humid environment, please do not use it immediately. DO NOT operate keys on front panel with sharp materials.
- High temperature or high pressure steam disinfection of the oximeter is not permitted. Refer to User Manual

- in the relative chapter for instructions of cleaning and disinfection.

 Do not have the oximeter immerged in liquid. When it needs cleaning, please wipe its surface with medical alcohol by soft material. Do not spray any liquid on the device directly.

 When cleaning the device with water, the temperature should be lower than 60°C.

 As to the fingers which are too thin or too cold, it would probably affect the normal measure of the patients' SpO₂ and pulse rate, please clip the thick finger such as thumb and middle finger deeply enough into the probability. probe.

 Do not use the device on infant or neonatal patients.
- The product is suitable for children above four years old and adults(Weight should be between 15kg to 110kg).
- The device may not work for all patients. If you are unable to achieve stable readings, discontinue use. The update period of data is less than 5 seconds, which is changeable according to different individual pulse
- If some abnormal conditions appear on the screen during test process, pull out the finger and reinsert to
- The device has normal useful life for three years since the first electrified use.
- The hanging rope attached the product is made from Non- allergy material, if particular group are sensitive to the hanging rope, stop using it. In addition, pay attention to the use of the hanging rope, do not wear it around the neck avoiding cause harm to the patient.

 The instrument dose not have low-voltage alarm function, it only shows the low-voltage, please change the
- battery when the battery energy is used out.
- When the parameter is particularly, The instrument dose not have alarm function Do not use the device in situations where alarms are required.
- Batteries must be removed if the device is going to be stored for more than one month, or else batteries may
- A flexible circuit connects the two parts of the device. Do not twist or pull on the connection.

The Fingertip Pulse Oximeter is a non-invasive device intended for the spot-check of oxygen saturation of arterial hemoglobin (SpO₂) and the pulse rate of adult and pediatric patients in home and hospital environments (including clinical use in internist/surgery, anesthesia, intensive care ect.). This device is not intended for ontinuous monitoring

2 Overview

The pulse oxygen saturation is the percentage of HbO_2 in the total Hb in the blood, so-called the O_2 concentration in the blood. It is an important bio-parameter for the respiration. For the purpose of measuring the SpO_2 more easily and accurately, our company developed the Pulse Oximeter. At the same time, the device can measure the pulse rate simultaneously.

The Pulse Oximeter features in small volume, low power consumption, convenient operation and being portable. It is only necessary for patient to put one of his fingers into a fingertip photoelectric sensor for diagnosis, and a display screen will directly show measured value of Hemoglobin Saturation.

2.1 Classification: Class II b(MDD93/42/EEC IX Rule 10)

Class II (U.S.FDA)

2.2 Features

- Operation of the product is simple and convenient.
- The product is small in volume, light in weight (total weight is about 50g including batteries) and convenient
- Power consumption of the product is low and the two originally equipped AAA batteries can be operated
- The product will automatically be powered off when no signal is in the product within 5 seconds. Low-battery indicator as battery icon flash manner.
- 2.3 Major Applications and Scope of Application

The Pulse Oximeter can be used to measure human Hemoglobin Saturation and pulse rate through finger, and indicate the pulse intensity by the bar-display. The product is suitable for use in family, hospital(Ordinary sickroom), Oxygen Bar, social medical organizations and also the measure of saturation oxygen and pulse rate.

The product is not suitable for use in continuous supervision for patients.

The problem of overrating would emerge when the patient is suffering from toxicosis which caused by carbon monoxide, the device is not recommended to be used under this circumstance.

2.4 Environment Requirements

- Storage Environment
- a) Temperature :-40°C~+60°C
- b) Relative humidity :≤95% c) Atmospheric pressure :500hPa~1060hPa

- Operating Environment a) Temperature: :10°C~40°C
- b) Relative Humidity :≤75% Atmospheric pressure:700hPa~1060hPa

3 Principle and Caution

3.1 Principle of Measurement

Principle of the Oximeter is as follows: An experience formula of data process is established taking use of Lambert Beer Law according to Spectrum Absorption Characteristics of Reductive Hemoglobin (Hb) and Oxyhemoglobin (HbO2) in glow & near-infrared zones. Operation principle of the instrument is: Photoelectric Oxyhemoglobin Inspection Technology is adopted in accordance with Capacity Pulse Scanning & Recording Technology, so that two beams of different wavelength of lights can be focused onto human nail tip through perspective clamp finger-type sensor. Then measured signal can be obtained by a photosensitive element, information acquired through which will be shown on screen through treatment in electronic circuits and microprocessor.

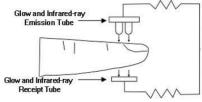


Figure 1. Operating Principle

3.2 Caution

- The finger should be placed properly (see the attached illustration of this manual ,Figure 5), or else it may cause inaccurate measurement.
- The SpO₂ sensor and photoelectric receiving tube should be arranged in a way with the subject's arteriole in a position there between.
- The SpO₂ sensor should not be used at a location or limb tied with arterial canal or blood pressure cuff or receiving intravenous injection.
- Make sure the optical path is free from any optical obstacles like rubberized fabric.
- Excessive ambient light may affect the measuring result. It includes fluorescent lamp, dual ruby light, infrared heater, direct sunlight and etc.
- Strenuous action of the subject or extreme electrosurgical interference may also affect the accuracy.
- Testee can not use enamel or other makeup.

3.3 Clinical Restrictions

- As the measure is taken on the basis of arteriole pulse, substantial pulsating blood flow of subject is required. For a subject with weak pulse due to shock, low ambient/body temperature, major bleeding, or use of vascular contracting drug, the SpO2 waveform (PLETH) will decrease. In this case, the measurement will be more sensitive to interference.
- For those with a substantial amount of staining dilution drug (such as methylene blue, indigo green and acid indigo blue), or carbon monoxide hemoglobin (COHb), or methionine (Me+Hb) or thiosalicylic hemoglobin, and some with icterus problem, the SpO2 determination by this monitor may be inaccurate.
- The drugs like dopamine, procaine, prilocaine, lidocaine and butacaine may also be a major factor blamed for serious error of SpO₂ measure.
- As the SpO_2 value serves as a reference value for judgement of anemic anoxia and toxic anoxia, some patients with serious anemia may also report good SpO₂ measurement.

4 Technical Specifications

Display Format: Digital tube Display;

SpO₂ Measuring Range: 0% - 100%;

Pulse Rate Measuring Range: 30 bpm - 250 bpm; Pulse Intensity Display: columniation display

- Power Requirements: 2 ×1.5V AAA alkaline battery, adaptable range: 2.6V~3.6V.
- 3) Power Consumption: Smaller than 25 mA.
- **Resolution:** 1% for SpO₂ and 1 bpm for Pulse Rate.
- Measurement Accuracy: ±2% in stage of 70%-100% SpO₂, and meaningless when stage being smaller 5) than 70%. ±2 bpm or±2% (select larger) for Pulse Rate.
- Measurement Performance in Weak Filling Condition: SpO2 and pulse rate can be shown correctly when pulse-filling ratio is 0.4%. SpO₂ error is $\pm 4\%$, pulse rate error is ± 2 bpm or $\pm 2\%$ (select larger). Resistance to surrounding light: The deviation between the value measured in the condition of
- man-made light or indoor natural light and that of darkroom is less than $\pm 1\%$.
- It is equipped with a function switch. The Oximeter can be powered off in case no finger is the **Optical Sensor**

Red light (wavelength is 660nm, 6.65mW) Infrared (wavelength is 880nm, 6.75mW)

5 Accessories

- One hanging rope;
- Two batteries (optional);
- One User Manual.

6.1 View of the Front Panel

6 Installation





Figure 2. Front View

Figure 3. Batteries Installation

6.2 Battery

Step 1. Refer to Figure 3. and insert the two AAA size batteries properly in the right direction. Step 2. Replace the cover.

⚠Please take care when you insert the batteries for the improper insertion may damage the device.

6.3 Mounting the Hanging Rope Step 1. Put the end of the rope through the hole

Step 2. Put another end of the rope through the first one and then tighten it.





Figure 4. Mounting the hanging rope

Figure 5. Put finger in position

7 Operating Guide

- Insert the two batteries properly to the direction, and then replace the cover.
- Open the clip as shown in Figure 5.
- Let the patient's finger put into the rubber cushions of the clip (make sure the finger is in the right position), and then clip the finger. 7.4 Press the switch button once on front panel.

7.5 Do not shake the finger and keep the patient at ease during the process. Meanwhile, human body is not

- recommended in movement status 7.6 Get the information directly from screen display.
- 7.7 In boot-strap state, press button, and the device is reset.
- ⚠ Fingernails and the luminescent tube should be on the same side.

8 Repairing and Maintenance

- Please change the batteries when the low-voltage displayed on the screen.
- Please clean the surface of the device before using. Wipe the device with medical alcohol first, and then let it dry in air or clean it by dry clean fabric

- > Using the medical alcohol to disinfect the product after use, prevent from cross infection for next time use.
- Please take out the batteries if the oximeter is not in use for a long time.
- > The best storage environment of the device is 40°C to 60°C ambient temperature and not higher than 95% relative humidity.
- > Users are advised to calibrate the device termly (or according to the calibrating program of hospital). It also can be performed at the state-appointed agent or just contact us for calibration.
- ⚠ High-pressure sterilization cannot be used on the device.
- \triangle Do not immerse the device in liquid.
- ⚠ It is recommended that the device should be kept in a dry environment. Humidity may reduce the useful life of the device, or even damage it.

Troubleshooting			
Trouble	Possible Reason	Solution	
The SpO ₂ and Pulse Rate can not be displayed normally	1. The finger is not properly positioned. 2. The patient's SpO ₂ is too low to be detected.	Place the finger properly and try again. Try again; Go to a hospital for a diagnosis if you are sure the device works all right.	
The SpO ₂ and Pulse Rate are not displayed stably	 The finger is not placed inside deep enough. The finger is shaking or the patient is moving. 	Place the finger properly and try again. Let the patient keep calm	
The device can not be turned on	The batteries are drained or almost drained. The batteries are not inserted properly. The malfunction of the device.	Change batteries. Reinstall batteries. Please contact the local service center.	
The display is off suddenly	The device will power off automatically when it gets no signal within 5 seconds. The batteries are almost drained.	 Normal. Change batteries. 	
Key of Symbols			

2	2. The batteries are almost drained.		
10 Key of Symbols			
Symbol	Description		
*	Type BF		
	Refer to instruction manual/booklet		
$\mathrm{SpO}_2\%$	The pulse oxygen saturation(%)		
PRbpm 🖤	Pulse rate (bpm)		
	The battery voltage indication is deficient (change the battery in time avoiding the inexact measure)		
	no finger inserted An indicator of signal inadequacy		
+	battery positive electrode		
_	battery cathode		
Ċ	Power switch		
SN	Serial number		
\bowtie	Alarm inhibit		
<u> </u>	WEEE (2002/96/EC)		
IP22	Ingress of liquids rank		
C € ₀₁₂₃	This item is compliant with Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC of June 14, 1993, a directive of the European Economic Community.		
EC REP	EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE		

	EC REP	EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE			
1	1 Function Specification				
П	Display Information		Display Mode		
	The Pulse Oxygen Saturation	$on(SpO_2)$	Digital		
	Pulse Rate(BPM)		Digital		
	Pulse Intensity (bar-graph)		Digital bar-graph display		
	SpO ₂ Parameter Specifica	tion			
	Measuring range		0%~100%, (the resolution is 1%).		
	Accuracy		70%~100%:±2% ,Below 70% unspecified.		
	Optical Sensor		Red light (wavelength is 660nm)		
			Infrared (wavelength is 880nm)		
	Pulse Parameter Specification				
	Measuring range		30bpm~250bpm (the resolution is 1 bpm)		
	Accuracy		±2bpm or ±2% select larger		
	Pulse Intensity				
	Range		Continuous bar-graph display, the higher display indicate the		
			stronger pulse.		
	Battery Requirement				
		AAA size) alkaline batteries × 2 or rechargeable battery			
	Battery Useful Life				
ļ	Dimensions and Weight				
Dimensions			$57(L) \times 31(W) \times 32(H) \text{ mm}$		
Weight			About 50g (with the batteries)		

Appendix: Electromagnetism Compatibility

Guidance and manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic emissionsfor all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS

Guidance and manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic emission

The A6 is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer of

the user of the A6 should assure that it is used in such and environment. Electromagnetic environment - guidance **Emission test** Compliance The A6 uses RF energy only for its internal RF emissions function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low CISPR 11 Group 1 and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment. The A6 is suitable for use in all establishments, RF emission Class B CISPR 11 including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power Harmonic supply network that supplies buildings used for emissions N/A IEC 61000-3-2 domestic purposes. Voltage fluctuations/ flicker N/A emissions

Guidance and manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic immunity –

for all EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS

Guidance and manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic immunity

IEC 61000-3-3

The A6 is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of A6 should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
Electrostatic	±6 kV contact	±6 KV contact	Floors should be wood, concrete
discharge (ESD)	±8 kV air	±8 kV air	or ceramic tile. If floor are
IEC 61000-4-2			covered with synthetic material,
			the relative humidity should be
			at least 30%.
Electrical fast	±2 kV for power	N/A	Mains power quality should be
transient/burst	supply lines		that of a typical commercial or
IEC 61000-4-4	14 137 100 21	27/4	hospital environment.
Surge	±1 kV differential	N/A	Mains power quality should be
IEC 61000-4-5	mode		that of a typical commercial or
Voltage dips, short	<5% U _T	N/A	hospital environment. Mains power quality should be
interruptions and	(>95% dip in U _T)	IN/A	that of a typical commercial or
voltage variations	for 0.5 cycle		hospital environment. If the user
on power supply	40% U _T		of the A6 requires continued
input lines	(60% dip in U _T)		operation during power mains
IEC 61000-4-11	for 5 cycles		interruptions, it is recommended
	70% U _T		that the A6 be powered from an
	(30% dip in U _T)		uninterruptible power supply or a
	for 25 cycles		battery.
	<5% U _T		
	(>95% dip in U _T)		
	for 5 sec		
Power frequency	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields
(50/60Hz)			sould be at levels characteristic
Magnetic field			of a typical location in a typical
IEC-61000-4-8			commercial or hospital environment.
NOTE II is the s	a mains valtaga prior to a		

NOTE U_T is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.

Guidance and manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic immunity – for EQUIPMENT and SYSTEMS that are not LIFE-SUPPORTING

Guidance and manufacture's declaration – electromagnetic immunity

The A6 is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of A6 should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Complianc e level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz	3 V/m	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the $A6$, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance $d = \left[\frac{3.5}{V_1}\right]\sqrt{P}$ $d = \left[\frac{3.5}{E_1}\right]\sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = \left[\frac{7}{E_1}\right]\sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2.5 GHz Where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the A6 is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the A6 should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the A6.

Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the EQUIPMENT or SYSTEM – for EQUIPMENT or SYSTEM that are not LIFE-SUPPORTING

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the A6

The A6 is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the A6 can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the A6 as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter (m)		
output power of transmitter (W)	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d = \left[\frac{3.5}{V_1}\right] \sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = \left[\frac{3.5}{E_1}\right]\sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz $d = \left[\frac{7}{E_1}\right]\sqrt{P}$
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23
0.1	0.39	0.37	0.74
1	1.17	1.17	2.33
10	3.69	3.69	7.38
100	11.67	11.67	23.33

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in metres (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 $\,$ At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

NÔTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.