



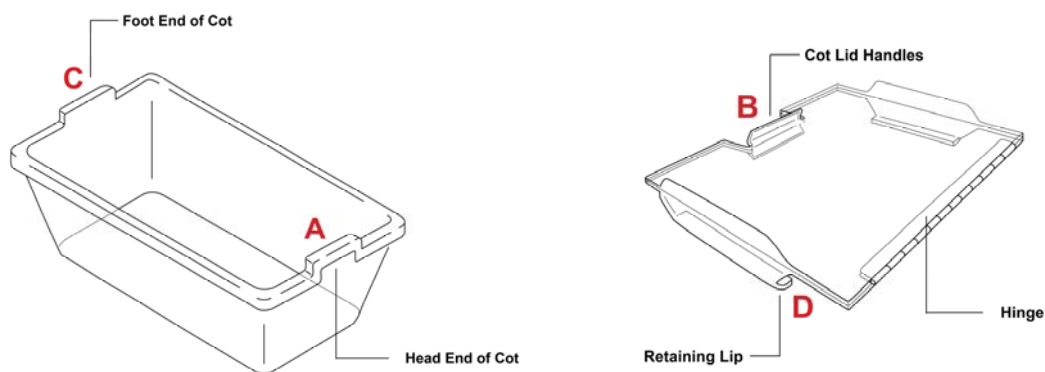
PP8713 Cot Lid for use with Nesbit Evans Cots

User Instructions

The cot lid is used in conjunction with a cot to reduce heat loss in an infant. It is used in short-term non-critical situations when an incubator would be inappropriate.



To avoid damage, please read the full instructions prior to use.



Step 1.

Fold the cot lid together at the hinge, ensuring the retaining lips "D" of the cot lid are underneath and the hinge is towards you.

Step 2.

Standing at the baby's head end of the cot "A", position the cot lid so that handle at end "B" is placed to the inside edge of the cot "A". Slide the cot lid, ensuring that the retaining lips are located underneath the outer edge of the cot.

Step 3.

Slide the cot lid, so that the edge of the cot lid "B" lines up against the end of the cot "C".

Step 4.

With the cot lid located at the foot end of the cot, the upper most section of the cot lid can now be folded back towards you and lowered gently into position.

When correctly positioned both of the cot lid handles will be inside the cot. The foldable half of the cot lid is the end where the baby's head would be. The two gaps at the handles allow for ventilation.



Please ensure that the patient is adequately monitored at all times.

**Single piece (non-folding) cot lids for the
Nesbit Evans and Arjo Huntleigh cots are also available.**



Cleaning / Disinfection

Viamed Ltd recommends adherence to local hospital protocols and disinfection fluid instructions for use. Disinfection must be achieved by use of a hospital-authorised cleaner and disinfectant.

Unless the device has been contaminated with body fluid, it is usually adequate to clean thoroughly with neutral detergent, then rinse and dry.

If there is contamination, the device must be cleaned thoroughly prior to disinfection to remove all organic matter and other residue. If the disinfectant contains bleach (sodium hypochlorite), the minimum concentration recommended by the disinfectant manufacturer should be used to prevent discolouring and crazing.

In the absence of the disinfectant manufacturers' advice the following strengths can be used as a guide:

- Heavy contamination with blood – 10,000 ppm available chlorine.
- Without gross contamination – 1,000 ppm available chlorine.

Special attention should be paid to rinsing the surface thoroughly with clean water until it is completely free of the disinfectant solution and then dry.



Warning:

- Cracked surfaces can harbour contamination.
- Do not use glutaraldehyde or phenolics, due to their toxicity.
- Do not use organic solvents, as they will cause crazing.